S5925-S
11.89

State Labor SUMMARY

Employment Security Commission
of North Carolina,
Labor Market Information Division

September 1989

State Labor Summary:
North Carolina

September 1989

Labor Market Information Division
Employment Security Commission of North Carolina
700 Wade Avenue
Post Office Box 25903
Raleigh, North Carolina 27611-5903
Telephone: (919) 733-2936

Joe Richardson, Project Manager

Ray Partin, Editor

Eight hundred and twenty five (825) copies of this public document were printed at a cost of $544.50, or .64 per copy.

State Labor Summary: North Carolina September 1989

HIGHLIGHTS

North Carolina's seasonally adjusted unemployment rate in September 1989 was 4.0 percent, increasing 0.3 from the August 1989 rate of 3.7. In September 1988 the state's unemployment rate was 3.6. For the nation, the adjusted unemployment rate was 5.3 in September . The national rate was 5.2 in August.

The civilian labor force for North Carolina in August was estimated at 3,454,000, a monthly increase of 22,000 from the August estimate of 3,432,000. From September 1988, the civilian labor force saw an increase of 96,000 people.

Employment, seasonally adjusted for September, moved upward to 3,315,000 from 3,304,000 in August for an increase of 11,000 workers. The number employed in September 1989 was 78,000 greater than in September 1988, for an increase of about percent 2.4 percent. The number of persons unemployed increased by 11,000 in September (139,000) from (128,000) in August. From a year ago (121,000), the unemployed estimate was up by 18,000.

In September, North Carolina's seasonally adjusted industry employment reached 3,032,500, a decline of 800 from the prior month's estimate of 3,033,300. An over-the-month gain of 1,700 occurred in manufacturing and a loss of 2,500 in nonmanufacturing. In manufacturing, gains were small throughout with rubber and plastics products the largest (+1,200). Employment losses in nonmanufacturing were most significant in the local government industry (-6,900). Trade and service went counter this trend and rose by 3,200 and 2,700 respectively.

From September 1988-September 1989 a total of 58,200 employees were added to industry payrolls. Manufacturing employment increased by 3,200, to a level of 868,700 as employment in nonmanufacturing was increasing by 55,000 to a level of 2,163,800. The manufacturing gains were across the entire sector. Gains of 1,100 workers occurred in transportation equipment, 1,000 in fabricated metal products and 4,400 in machinery, exc. electrical. Significant losses were experienced in furniture (1,800), electrical machinery (1,700) and tobacco (2,200).

There were 14,900 persons placed in jobs through the Employment Security Commission in September 1989. Of these,6,024 were placed in manufacturing industries. More than 3,548 persons founds jobs in the service industry, while 2,075 individuals were placed in the trade industry. By occupational category, 3,589 individuals were employed in packaging and material handling; 1,929 in bench work; 1,830 in services, except domestic; and 1,500 in machine trades.

Production workers in North Carolina's manufacturing industries earned $8.45 an hour in September. The average hours worked were 40.7, and average weekly earnings amounted to $343.92. There was an increase of $ .27 an hour in average hourly earnings from September 1988 . Workers in cigarette manufacturing were the highest hourly wage earners at $18.84. In nonmanufacturing, the average hourly earnings were highest among workers in pulp, paper & paperboard at $15.66.

The number of production workers in North Carolina's manufacturing industries rose by 2,400, from 682,500 in August to 684,900 in September. Most of this increase was in nondurable goods (+1,800). The largest over-the-month gainer was in tobacco (+1,300). From September of last year, manufacturing lost 1,700 production workers. This loss occurred throughout the manufacturing sector.

Table 1

Employment Status of the North Carolina Civilian Population

September 1989

(Numbers in Thousands)

Seasonally Adjusted

	Reference Month: Previous Year	Time Series Data: April 1989 through September 1989					
	Sep. 1988	Apr. 1989	May 1989	June 1989	July 1989	Aug. 1989	Sep. 1989
Civilian Noninstitutional Population	4,934	4,991	5,000	5,006	5,014	5,016	5.021
Civilian Labor Force	3,358	3,478	3,467	3,463	3,444	3,432	3,454
Participation Rate[1]	68.1	69.7	69.3	69.2	68.9	68.4	68.8
Employed	3,237	3,330	3,340	3,339	3,327	3,304	3,315
Employment-Population Ratio[2]	65.6	66.7	66.8	66.7	66.4	65.9	66.0
Unemployed	121	148	127	124	117	128	139
Unemployment Rate	3.6	4.3	3.7	3.6	3.4	3.7	4.0
Insured Unemployment Rate[3]	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

Not Seasonally Adjusted

	Reference Month: Previous Year	Time Series Data: July 1989 through September 1989		
	Sep. 1988	July 1989	Aug. 1989	Sep. 1989
Civilian Noninstitutional Population	4,934	5,014	5,016	5,021
Civilian Labor Force	3,352	3,528	3,484	3,445
Participation Rate[1]	67.9	70.4	69.5	68.6
Employed	3,308	3,409	3,363	3,324
Employment-Population Ratio[2]	65.8	68.0	67.0	66.2
Unemployed	104	119	121	121
Unemployment Rate	3.1	3.4	3.5	3.5
Insured Unemployment Rate[3]	1.0	1.4	1.2	1.1

[1]The participation rate represents the percentage of individuals in the civilian population that are in the labor force.
[2]The employment-population ratio represents the percentage of individuals in the civilian population who are employed.
[3]The insured unemployment rate represents a weekly average of weeks claimed for unemployment insurance benefits in a given month as a percentage of employment covered under the Employment Security Law for the most recent 12-month period for which data are available.

Table 2

Employment Status of the United States Civilian Population

September 1989

(Numbers in Thousands)

Seasonally Adjusted

	Reference Month: Previous Year	Time Series Data: April 1989 through September 1989					
	Sep. 1988	Apr. 1989	May 1989	June 1989	July 1989	Aug. 1989	Sep. 1989
Civilian Noninstitutional Population	184,962	186,024	186,181	186,329	186,483	186,598	186,726
Civilian Labor Force	121,984	123,659	123,610	124,102	123,956	124,018	124,040
Participation Rate[1]	66.0	66.5	66.4	66.6	66.5	66.5	66.4
Employed	115,370	117,113	117,215	117,541	117,459	117,597	117,456
Employment-Population Ratio[2]	62.4	63.0	63.0	63.1	63.0	63.0	62.9
Unemployed	6,614	6,546	6,395	6,561	6,497	6,421	6,584
Unemployment Rate	5.4	5.3	5.2	5.3	5.2	5.2	5.3
Insured Unemployment Rate[3]	2.0	2.2	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.0

Not Seasonally Adjusted

	Reference Month: Previous Year	Time Series Data: July 1989 through September 1989		
	Sep. 1988	July 1989	Aug. 1989	Sep. 1989
Civilian Noninstitutional Population	184,962	186,329	186,483	186,598
Civilian Labor Force	121,842	125,569	126,238	125,444
Participation Rate[1]	65.9	67.4	67.7	67.2
Employed	115,474	118,719	119,502	119,092
Employment-Population Ratio[2]	62.4	63.7	64.1	63.8
Unemployed	6,368	6,850	6,736	6,352
Unemployment Rate	5.2	5.5	5.3	5.1
Insured Unemployment Rate[3]	2.0	3.3	3.3	2.0

[1]The participation rate represents the percentage of individuals in the civilian population that are in the labor force.
[2]The employment-population ratio represents the percentage of individuals in the civilian population who are employed.
[3]The insured unemployment rate represents a weekly average of weeks claimed for unemployment insurance benefits in a given month as a percentage of employment covered under the Employment Security Law for the most recent 12-month period for which data are available.

Figure 1

A Comparison of Unemployment Rates in North Carolina and the United States (Seasonally Adjusted)

September 1988-September 1989

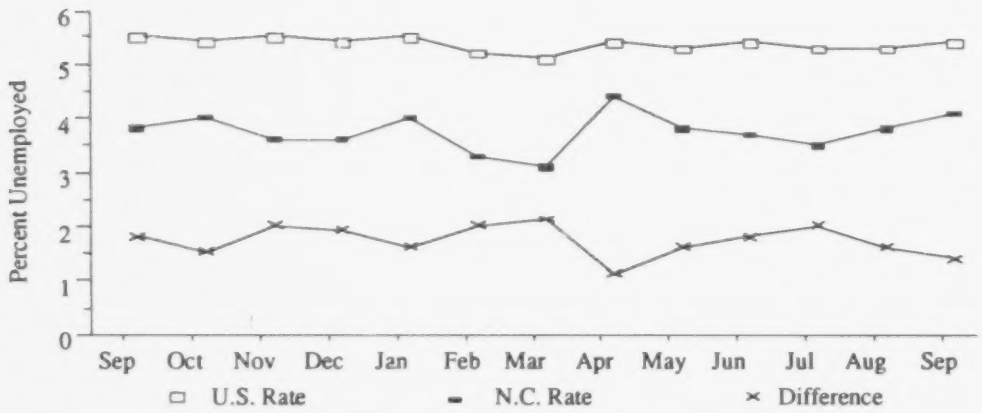


Figure 2

North Carolina Unemployment Rates (Adjusted and Unadjusted)

September 1988-September 1989

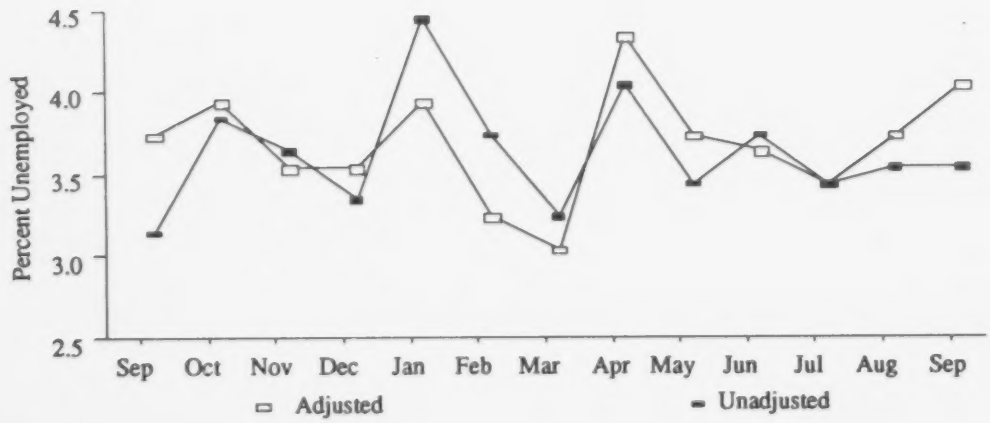


Table 3

Industry Employment in North Carolina

September 1989[1]

(Seasonally Adjusted)
(Numbers in Thousands)

Classification	Total Employment			Change From:			
				Aug. 1989		Sep. 1988	
	Sep. 1989	Aug.[2] 1989	Sep. 1988	Net	Percent	Net	Percent
(Not Seasonally Adjusted)							
Civilian Labor Force[3]	3,445.4	3,484.0	3,352.4	- 38.6	- 1.1	+ 93.0	+ 2.8
Employment, Total	3,324.5	3,362.6	3,248.5	- 38.1	- 1.1	+ 76.0	+ 2.3
Unemployment, Total	120.9	121.4	103.9	- 0.5	- 0.4	+ 17.0	+ 16.4
Percent of Civilian Labor Force	3.5	3.5	3.1	0.0	xxx	+ 0.4	xxx
(Seasonally Adjusted)							
Civilian Labor Force[3]	3,454.0	3,432.0	3,358.0	+ 22.0	+ 0.6	+ 96.0	+ 2.9
Employment, Total	3,315.0	3,304.0	3,237.0	+ 11.0	+ 0.3	+ 78.0	+ 2.4
Unemployment, Total	139.0	128.0	121.0	+ 11.0	+ 8.6	+ 18.0	+ 14.9
Percent of Civilian Labor Force	4.0	3.7	3.6	+ 0.3	xxx	+ 0.4	xxx
Total Nonagricultural Employment	3,032.5	3,033.3	2,974.3	- 0.8	*	+ 58.2	+ 2.0
Manufacturing	868.7	867.0	865.5	+ 1.7	+ 0.2	+ 3.2	+ 0.4
Durable Goods	355.9	354.7	352.7	+ 1.2	+ 0.3	+ 3.2	+ 0.9
Lumber & Wood Products	35.7	35.4	36.1	+ 0.3	+ 0.8	- 0.4	- 1.1
Sawmills & Planing Mills	12.1	12.0	12.0	+ 0.1	+ 0.8	+ 0.1	+ 0.8
Millwork, Plywood & Structural Members	9.0	9.0	9.1	0.0	0.0	- 0.1	- 1.1
Wood Bldgs. & Mobile Homes	4.3	4.3	4.4	0.0	0.0	- 0.8	- 2.3
Furniture & Fixtures	87.0	86.4	88.8	+ 0.6	+ 0.7	- 1.8	- 2.0
Household Furniture	77.1	76.5	79.2	+ 0.6	+ 0.8	- 2.1	- 2.7
Wood Household Furniture	39.4	38.8	40.5	+ 0.6	+ 1.5	- 1.1	- 2.7
Upholstered Household Furniture	32.1	32.2	32.8	- 0.1	- 0.3	- 0.7	- 2.1

[1]Data for the current month are preliminary.
[2]Revised.
[3]Data are compiled on the basis of Place of Residence.
[4]This category includes Instruments & Related Products and Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries.
[5]This category includes Petroleum & Coal Products and Leather and Leather Products.
[6]This category includes Services, except Domestic, Agricultural Services, Forestry and Fisheries.
[7]This category includes self-employed workers, unpaid family workers and domestic workers in private households
*Less than .05 percent

Industry employment compiled by the LMI Division in cooperation with USDOL, BLS.

Table 3

(Continued)

Industry Employment in North Carolina

September 1989[1]

(Seasonally Adjusted)
(Numbers in Thousands)

Classification	Total Employment Sep. 1989	Aug.[2] 1989	Sep. 1988	Change From: Aug. 1989 Net	Aug. 1989 Percent	Sep. 1988 Net	Sep. 1988 Percent
Stone, Clay & Glass	21.8	21.6	21.2	+ 0.2	+ 0.9	+ 0.6	+ 2.8
Structural Clay Products	2.6	2.6	2.7	0.0	0.0	- 0.1	- 3.7
Concrete, Gypsum & Plaster Prods.	6.0	6.0	5.9	0.0	0.0	+ 0.1	+ 1.7
Primary Metal Products	12.9	13.0	12.3	- 0.1	- 0.8	+ 0.6	+ 4.9
Fabricated Metal Products	31.3	31.1	30.3	+ 0.2	+ 0.6	+ 1.0	+ 3.3
Fab. Struct. Metal Products	9.8	9.6	9.7	+ 0.2	+ 2.1	+ 0.1	+ 1.0
Machinery, exc. Electrical	63.8	63.5	59.4	+ 0.3	+ 0.5	+ 4.4	+ 7.4
Special Industry Machinery	7.8	7.8	7.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Electrical & Electronic Equipment	57.2	57.5	58.9	- 0.6	- 1.0	- 1.7	- 2.9
Household Appliances	6.0	6.0	5.7	0.0	0.0	+ 0.3	+ 5.3
Transportation Equipment	27.6	27.3	27.5	+ 0.3	+ 1.1	+ 0.1	+ 0.4
Other Durable Goods[4]	18.6	18.6	18.2	0.0	0.0	+ 0.4	+ 2.2
Nondurable Goods	512.8	512.3	512.8	+ 0.5	+ 0.1	0.0	0.0
Food & Kindred Products	52.0	51.3	51.8	+ 0.7	+ 1.4	+ 0.2	+ 0.4
Meat Products	24.6	24.4	23.7	+ 0.2	+ 0.8	+ 0.9	+ 3.8
Meat Packing Products	2.8	2.5	2.3	+ 0.3	+ 12.0	+ 0.5	+ 21.7
Dairy Products	2.8	2.9	3.0	- 0.1	- 3.4	- 0.2	- 6.7
Grain Mill Products	2.6	2.6	2.8	0.0	0.0	- 0.2	- 7.1
Bakery Products	8.6	8.7	8.2	- 0.1	- 1.1	+ 0.4	+ 4.9
Beverages	6.7	6.5	6.8	+ 0.2	+ 3.1	- 0.1	- 1.5
Tobacco Manufacturers	21.7	22.2	23.9	- 0.5	- 2.3	- 2.2	- 9.2
Cigarettes	15.6	16.8	18.5	- 1.2	- 7.1	- 2.9	- 15.7
Tobacco Stemming & Redrying	5.0	5.0	4.7	0.0	0.0	+ 0.3	+ 6.4
Textile Mill Products	220.7	220.5	220.6	+ 0.2	+ 0.1	+ 0.1	*
Weaving Mills, Cotton, Synthetics & Wool	53.8	53.8	54.7	0.0	0.0	- 0.9	- 1.6
Weaving Mills, Cotton	24.3	24.3	25.7	0.0	0.0	- 1.4	- 5.4
Weaving Mills, Synthetics	28.2	28.0	27.9	+ 0.2	+ 0.7	+ 0.3	+ 1.1

[1]Data for the current month are preliminary.
[2]Revised.
[3]Data are compiled on the basis of Place of Residence.
[4]This category includes Instruments & Related Products and Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries.
[5]This category includes Petroleum & Coal Products and Leather and Leather Products.
[6]This category includes Services, except Domestic, Agricultural Services, Forestry and Fisheries.
[7]This category includes self-employed workers, unpaid family workers and domestic workers in private households
*Less than .05 percent.

Industry employment compiled by the LMI Division in cooperation with USDOL, BLS.

Table 3

(Continued)

Industry Employment in North Carolina

September 1989[1]

(Seasonally Adjusted)
(Numbers in Thousands)

Classification	Total Employment Sep. 1989	Aug.[2] 1989	Sep. 1988	Change From: Aug. 1989 Net	Aug. 1989 Percent	Sep. 1988 Net	Sep. 1988 Percent
Knitting Mills	84.2	84.6	82.3	- 0.4	- 0.5	+ 1.9	+ 2.3
Women's Hosiery, exc. Socks	23.7	23.7	23.2	0.0	0.0	+ 0.5	+ 2.2
Hosiery, NEC	23.0	22.8	22.4	+ 0.2	+ 0.9	+ 0.6	+ 2.7
Circular Knit Fabric Mills	16.6	16.5	15.2	+ 0.1	+ 0.6	+ 1.4	+ 9.2
Warp Knit Fabric Mills	5.8	5.8	6.2	0.0	0.0	- 0.4	- 6.5
Textile Finishing, exc. Wool	16.2	16.3	15.6	- 0.1	- 0.6	+ 0.6	+ 3.8
Yarn & Thread Mills	50.1	50.4	52.7	- 0.3	- 0.6	- 2.6	- 4.9
Apparel & Other Textile Products	86.2	87.4	85.6	- 1.2	- 1.4	+ 0.6	+ 0.7
Men's & Boy's Suits, Coats & Furnishings	30.6	30.8	30.0	- 0.2	- 0.6	+ 0.6	+ 2.0
Women's & Children's Outerwear & Undergarments	34.2	34.7	35.5	- 0.5	- 1.4	- 1.3	- 3.7
Paper & Allied Products	21.6	21.5	21.7	+ 0.1	+ 0.4	- 0.1	- 0.5
Pulp, Paper & Paperboard Mills	9.8	9.8	9.9	0.0	0.0	- 0.1	- 1.0
Paperboard Containers & Boxes	8.1	8.1	8.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Printing & Publishing	30.1	29.9	29.7	+ 0.2	+ 0.7	+ 0.4	+ 1.3
Newspapers	10.8	10.9	10.6	- 0.1	- 0.9	+ 0.2	+ 1.9
Chemicals & Allied Products	42.2	42.4	41.4	- 0.2	- 0.5	+ 0.8	+ 1.9
Plastics Materials & Synthetics	13.7	13.6	13.5	+ 0.1	+ 0.7	+ 0.2	+ 1.5
Rubber & Misccellaneous Plastics Products	34.0	32.8	33.8	+ 1.2	+ 3.7	+ 0.2	+ 0.6
Other Nondurable Goods[5]	4.3	4.3	4.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Nonmanufacturing	2,163.8	2,166.3	2,108.8	- 2.5	- 0.1	+ 55.0	+ 2.6
Mining	4.9	4.9	4.8	0.0	0.0	+ 0.1	+ 2.1
Construction	159.7	159.7	165.7	0.0	0.0	- 6.0	- 3.6
Transportation	150.4	150.5	146.4	- 0.1	- 0.1	+ 4.0	+ 2.7
Transportation, exc. Railroad	90.6	91.0	85.5	- 0.4	- 0.4	+ 5.1	+ 6.0
Comm. & Electric, Gas & Sanitary Services	56.2	56.1	57.3	+ 0.1	+ 0.2	- 1.1	- 1.9

[1]Data for the current month are preliminary.
[2]Revised.
[3]Data are compiled on the basis of Place of Residence.
[4]This category includes Instruments & Related Products and Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries.
[5]This category includes Petroleum & Coal Products and Leather and Leather Products.
[6]This category includes Services, except Domestic, Agricultural Services, Forestry and Fisheries.
[7]This category includes self-employed workers, unpaid family workers and domestic workers in private households.
*Less than .05 percent

Industry employment compiled by the LMI Division in cooperation with USDOL, BLS.

Table 3

(Continued)

Industry Employment in North Carolina

September 1989[1]

(Seasonally Adjusted)
(Numbers in Thousands)

Classification	Total Employment Sep. 1989	Aug.2 1989	Sep 1988	Change From: Aug. 1989 Net	Aug. 1989 Percent	Sep. 1988 Net	Sep. 1988 Percent
Wholesale and Retail Trade	697.6	694.4	681.8	+ 3.2	+ 0.5	+ 15.8	+ 2.3
Wholesale Trade	165.0	165.1	160.5	- 0.1	- 0.1	+ 4.5	+ 2.8
Wholesale Trade - Durable Goods	98.9	98.8	97.3	+ 0.1	+ 0.1	+ 1.6	+ 1.6
Wholesale Trade - Nondurable Goods	66.1	66.3	63.2	- 0.2	- 0.3	+ 2.9	+ 4.6
Retail Trade	532.6	529.3	521.3	+ 3.3	+ 0.6	+ 11.3	+ 2.2
General Merchandise Stores	79.5	77.8	73.4	+ 1.7	+ 2.2	+ 6.1	+ 8.3
Food Stores	88.4	87.6	86.0	+ 0.8	+ 0.9	+ 2.4	+ 2.8
Finance, Insurance & Real Estate	133.4	133.0	131.0	+ 0.4	+ 0.3	+ 2.4	+ 1.8
Service & Miscellaneous[6]	553.1	550.4	527.8	+ 2.7	+ 0.5	+ 25.3	+ 4.8
Hotels & Other Lodging Places	26.6	25.9	27.6	+ 0.7	+ 2.7	- 1.0	- 3.6
Personal Services	32.5	32.8	31.9	- 0.3	- 0.9	+ 0.6	+ 1.9
Laundries, Cleaning & Garment Service	14.1	14.2	14.1	- 0.1	- 0.7	0.0	0.0
Total Government	464.7	473.4	451.3	- 8.7	- 1.8	+ 13.4	+ 3.0
Federal	55.1	55.2	53.5	- 0.1	- 0.2	+ 1.6	+ 3.0
State	133.1	134.8	131.0	- 1.7	- 1.3	+ 2.1	+ 1.6
Education	68.8	70.4	68.8	- 1.6	- 2.3	0.0	0.0
Other	64.3	64.4	62.2	- 0.1	- 0.2	+ 2.1	+ 3.4
Local	276.5	283.4	266.8	- 6.9	- 2.4	+ 9.7	+ 3.6
Education	141.6	149.6	137.9	- 8.0	- 5.3	+ 3.7	+ 2.7
Other	134.9	133.8	128.9	+ 1.1	+ 0.8	+ 6.0	+ 4.7
All Other Nonag. Employment[7]	257.7	264.6	266.5	- 5.9	- 2.2	- 7.8	- 2.9
Agriculture	49.5	55.2	52.9	- 5.7	- 10.3	- 3.4	- 6.4

[1]Data for the current month are preliminary.
[2]Revised.
[3]Data are compiled on the basis of Place of Residence.
[4]This category includes Instruments & Related Products and Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries.
[5]This category includes Petroleum & Coal Products and Leather and Leather Products.
[6]This category includes Services, except Domestic, Agricultural Services, Forestry and Fisheries.
[7]This category includes self-employed workers, unpaid family workers and domestic workers in private households.
*Less than .05 percent.

Industry employment compiled by the LMI Division in cooperation with USDOL, BLS.

Figure 3

Composition of Nonagricultural Employment in North Carolina (Seasonally Adjusted)

September 1989

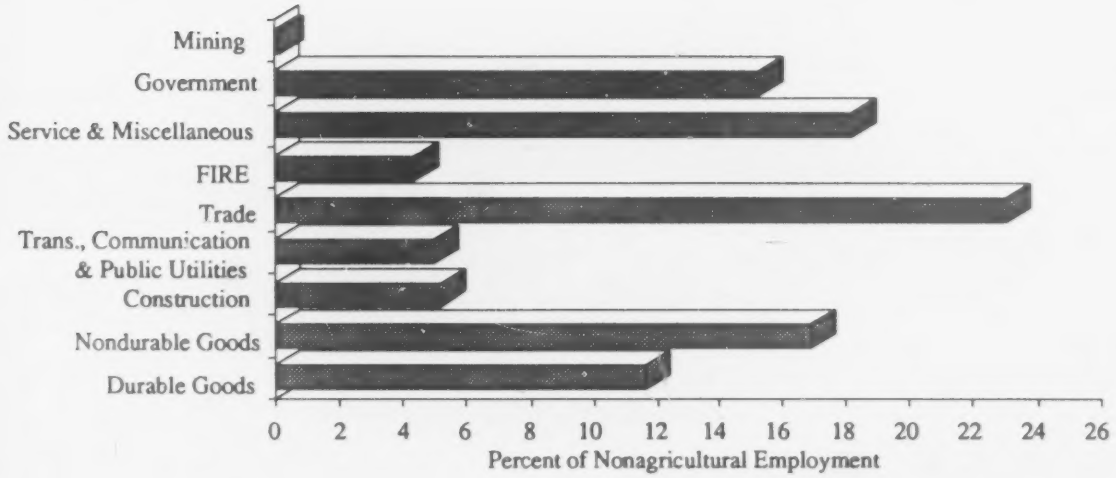


Figure 4

Employment Levels in Major Manufacturing Industries in North Carolina (Seasonally Adjusted)

September 1989

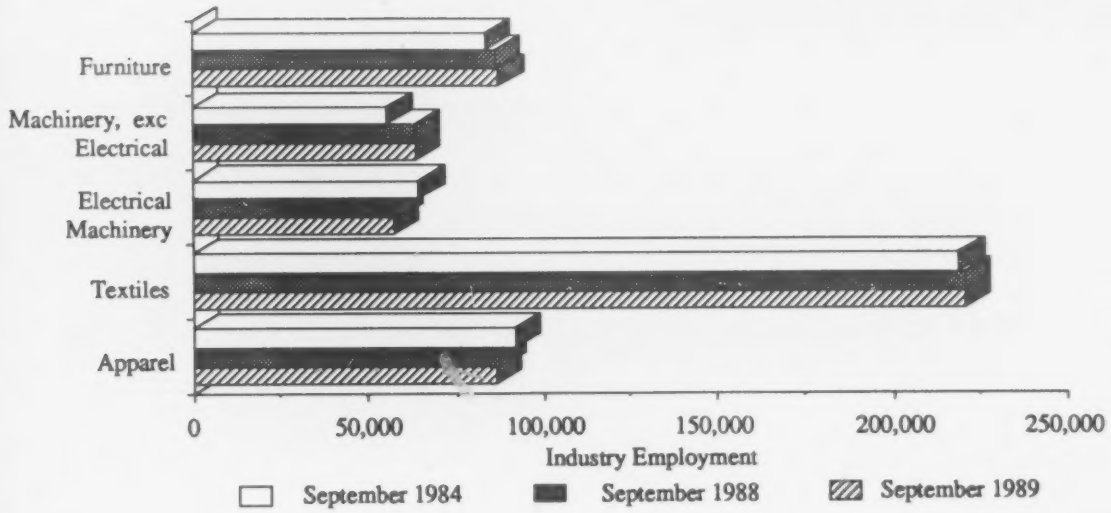


Table 4

Individuals Placed in Jobs by the Employment Security Commission by Occupational Categories and Industrial Divisions September 1989[1]

Occupational Categories and Divisions	Total Individuals Placed[2]	Total Individuals Placed In Regular Jobs[2,3]	Agriculture, Forestry & Fishery	Mining	Construction
Total	14,900	14,065	856	13	923
Professional, Technical & Managerial Occupations	410	409	0	2	4
Clerical Occupations	1,850	1,840	7	0	25
Sales Occupations	495	331	0	0	4
Domestic Service Occupations	107	83	2	0	1
Other Service Occupations	1,830	1,775	2	0	22
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishery & Related Occupations	1,474	929	801	1	21
Processing Occupations	1,208	1,167	8	3	1
Machine Trade Occupations	1,500	1,497	6	1	32
Benchwork Occupations	1,929	1,926	7	0	4
Structural Work Occupations	1,188	1,148	5	3	781
Motor Freight & Transportation Occupations	348	330	6	2	25
Packaging & Materials Handling Occupations	3,589	3,453	13	1	18
Miscellaneous Occupations	46	46	0	0	1

[1]The program year for the Employment Service Division runs from July 1, 1989 to June 30, 1990.
[2]The Total Individuals Placed and Total Individuals Placed in Regular Jobs do not include individuals who were placed in more than one job during the program year. However, the figures listed for industrial divisions do count each placement of an individual.
[3]A regular job is defined as a job which has a duration of three or more days.

Table 4
(Continued)

Individuals Placed in Jobs by the Employment Security Commission by Occupational Categories and Industrial Divisions September 1989[1]

Manufacturing	Transportation & Utilities	Wholesale & Retail Trade	Finance, Insurance & Real Estate	Services	Public Administration	Government
6,024	610	2,075	187	3,548	591	1,045
45	8	55	13	182	102	173
191	165	584	118	549	239	474
15	12	247	16	36	1	2
0	0	6	2	72	0	0
88	6	653	18	880	135	228
35	1	10	7	55	18	18
1,046	31	37	0	43	0	0
1,344	11	27	1	71	0	2
1,644	1	23	0	255	0	2
149	9	40	7	143	45	49
24	108	84	0	54	38	46
1,592	260	314	7	1,285	4	48
18	1	2	0	14	10	9

[1]The program year for the Employment Service Division runs from July 1, 1989 to June 30, 1990.
[2]The Total Individuals Placed and Total Individuals Placed in Regular Jobs do not include individuals who were placed in more than one job during the program year. However, the figures listed for industrial divisions do count each placement of an individual.
[3]A regular job is defined as a job which has a duration of three or more days.

Figure 5

A Comparison of Insured Unemployment Rates in North Carolina and the United States (Not Seasonally Adjusted)

September 1988-September 1989

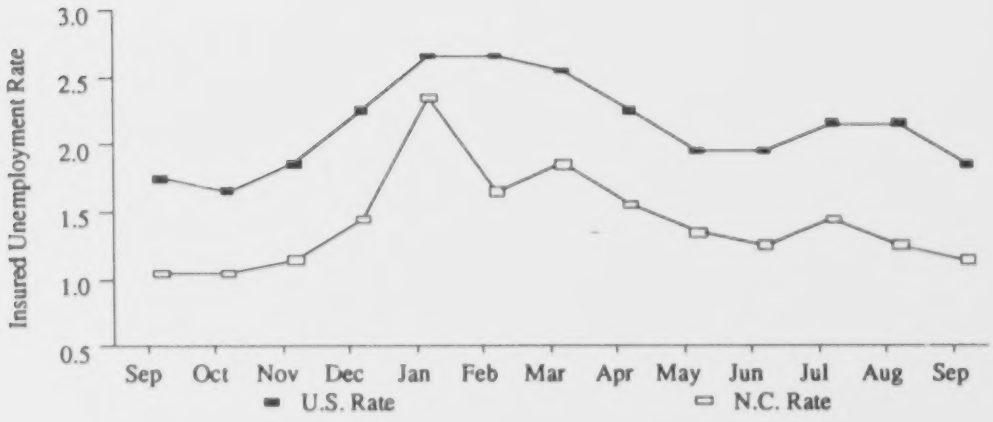
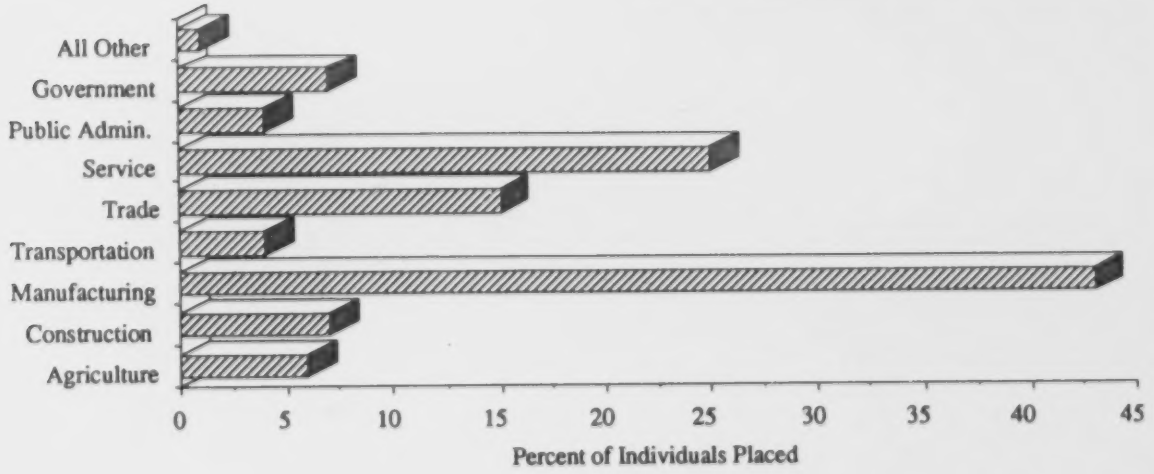


Figure 6

Individuals Placed in Jobs through the Employment Security Commission by Major Industrial Category

September 1989



Appendix

Table I — *Detailed Industry Employment (not seasonally adjusted) in North Carolina*

Table II — *Average Weekly Earnings, Hours and Hourly Earnings of Selected Production and Non-Supervisory Workers in North Carolina*

Figure I — *Average Hourly Earnings by Major Industry Sectors in North Carolina*

Figure II — *Average Hourly Earnings in Durable Goods Compared to the North Carolina Average*

Table III — *Production Workers in Selected Manufacturing Industries in North Carolina*

Table I

Detailed Industry Employment in North Carolina (Not Seasonally Adjusted)

September 1989[1]

(Numbers in Thousands)

Industry	Total Employment Sep. 1989	Aug.[2] 1989	Sep. 1988	Percent Change From: Aug. 1989	Sep. 1988
Total Nonagricultural Employment	3,051.1	3,005.7	2,992.5	+ 1.5	+ 2.0
Manufacturing	872.1	869.4	869.3	+ 0.3	+ 0.3
Durable Goods	356.1	355.2	352.8	+ 0.3	+ 0.9
Lumber & Wood Products	36.0	35.8	36.1	+ 0.6	- 0.3
Sawmills & Planing Mills	12.1	12.1	12.0	0.0	+ 0.8
Millwork, Plywood & Structural Members	9.1	9.1	9.2	0.0	- 1.1
Wood Buildings & Mobile Homes	4.4	4.4	4.5	0.0	- 2.2
Furniture & Fixtures	86.7	85.8	88.4	+ 1.0	- 1.9
Household Furniture	76.8	75.9	78.8	+ 1.2	- 2.5
Wood Household Furniture	39.4	38.7	40.5	+ 1.8	- 2.7
Upholstered Household Furniture	32.0	32.0	32.7	0.0	- 2.1
Stone, Clay & Glass Products	21.8	21.8	21.3	0.0	+ 2.3
Structural Clay Products	2.6	2.7	2.7	- 3.7	- 3.7
Concrete, Gypsum & Plaster Products	6.0	6.1	5.9	- 1.6	+ 1.7
Primary Metal Industries	12.9	13.0	12.3	- 0.8	+ 4.9
Fabricated Metal Industries	31.3	31.2	30.3	+ 0.3	+ 3.3
Fabricated Structural Metal Products	9.9	9.7	9.8	+ 2.1	+ 1.0
Machinery, except Electrical	63.7	63.8	59.4	- 0.2	+ 7.2
Special Industry Machinery	7.8	7.8	7.8	0.0	0.0
Electrical & Electronic Equipment	57.6	58.0	59.4	- 0.7	- 3.0
Household Appliances	6.4	6.3	6.1	+ 1.6	+ 4.9
Transportation Equipment	27.3	26.9	27.2	+ 1.5	+ 0.4
Other Durable Goods[3]	18.8	18.9	18.4	- 0.5	+ 2.2
Nondurable Goods	516.0	514.2	516.5	+ 0.4	- 0.1
Food & Kindred Products	52.8	52.0	52.5	+ 1.5	+ 0.6
Meat Products	24.6	24.4	23.7	+ 0.8	+ 3.8
Meat Packing Plants	2.8	2.5	2.3	+12.0	+ 21.7
Dairy Products	2.8	2.9	3.0	- 3.4	- 6.7
Grain Mill Products	2.6	2.6	2.8	0.0	- 7.1
Bakery Products	8.7	8.7	8.3	0.0	+ 4.8
Beverages	6.7	6.7	6.8	0.0	- 1.5

[1]Data for the current month are preliminary.
[2]Revised.
[3]This category includes Instruments & Related Products and Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries.
[4]This category includes Petroleum & Coal Products and Leather & Leather Products.
[5]This category includes Services, except Domestic, Agricultural Services; Forestry and Fisheries.
*Less than .05 percent.

Compiled by the LMI Division in cooperation with USDOL, BLS.

Table I
(Continued)

Detailed Industry Employment in North Carolina (Not Seasonally Adjusted)

September 1989[1]

(Numbers in Thousands)

Industry	Total Employment			Percent Change From:	
	Sep. 1989	Aug.[2] 1989	Sep. 1988	Aug. 1989	Sep. 1988
Tobacco Manufacturers	24.0	22.7	26.5	+ 5.7	- 9.4
Cigarettes	15.6	16.9	18.4	- 7.7	- 15.2
Tobacco Stemming & Redrying	8.0	5.4	7.6	+48.1	+ 5.3
Textile Mill Products	220.9	221.4	221.2	- 0.2	- 0.1
Weaving Mills, Cotton, Synthetics & Wool	53.7	53.5	54.7	+ 0.4	- 1.8
Weaving Mills, Cotton	24.3	24.1	25.7	+ 0.8	- 5.4
Weaving Mills, Synthetics	28.1	28.0	27.8	+ 0.4	+ 1.1
Knitting Mills	85.1	85.5	82.5	- 0.5	+ 3.2
Women's Hosiery, except Socks	23.6	23.8	23.1	- 0.8	+ 2.2
Hosiery, NEC	23.1	23.1	22.5	0.0	+ 2.7
Circular Knit Fabric Mills	16.7	16.6	15.3	+ 0.6	+ 9.2
Warp Knit Fabric Mills	5.8	5.9	6.2	- 1.7	- 6.5
Textile Finishing, except Wool	16.3	16.3	15.7	0.0	+ 3.8
Yarn & Thread Mills	50.3	50.6	52.9	- 0.6	- 4.9
Apparel & Other Textile Products	86.6	87.1	86.0	- 0.6	+ 0.7
Women's & Children's Outerwear & Undergarments	34.3	34.6	35.6	- 0.9	- 3.7
Men's & Boys' Suits, Coats & Furnishings	30.6	30.7	30.1	- 0.3	+ 1.7
Paper & Allied Products	21.6	21.5	21.6	+ 0.5	0.0
Pulp, Paper & Paperboard Mills	9.7	9.7	9.8	0.0	- 1.0
Paperboard Containers & Boxes	8.2	8.1	8.1	+ 1.2	+ 1.2
Printing & Publishing	29.6	29.7	29.3	- 0.3	+ 1.0
Newspapers	10.8	10.8	10.6	0.0	+ 1.9
Chemicals & Allied Products	42.3	42.6	41.4	- 0.7	+ 2.2
Plastics Materials & Synthetics	13.6	13.6	13.4	0.0	+ 1.5
Rubber & Miscellaneous Plastics Products	33.8	32.8	33.6	+ 3.0	+ 0.6
Other Nondurable Goods[4]	4.4	4.4	4.4	0.0	0.0

[1]Data for the current month are preliminary.
[2]Revised.
[3]This category includes Instruments & Related Products and Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries.
[4]This category includes Petroleum & Coal Products and Leather & Leather Products.
[5]This category includes Services, except Domestic, Agricultural Services; Forestry and Fisheries.
[6]Less than .05 percent.

Compiled by the LMI Division in cooperation with USDOL, BLS.

Table I
(Continued)

Detailed Industry Employment in North Carolina (Not Seasonally Adjusted)

September 1989[1]

(Numbers in Thousands)

Industry	Total Employment Sep. 1989	Aug.[2] 1989	Sep. 1988	Percent Change From: Aug. 1989	Sep. 1988
Nonmanufacturing	2,179.0	2,136.3	2,123.2	+ 2.0	+ 2.6
Mining	5.0	5.0	4.9	0.0	+ 2.0
Construction	163.1	165.0	169.0	- 1.2	- 3.5
Transportation & Public Utilities	151.8	151.6	147.7	+ 0.1	+ 2.8
Transportation, except Railroad	91.8	91.6	86.6	+ 0.2	+ 6.0
Comm. & Electric, Gas & Sanitary Services	56.3	56.4	57.3	- 0.2	- 1.7
Wholesale & Retail Trade	701.0	699.8	685.3	+ 0.2	+ 2.3
Wholesale Trade	167.3	167.9	162.8	- 0.4	+ 2.8
Wholesale Trade - Durable Goods	98.9	99.4	97.3	- 0.5	+ 1.6
Wholesale Trade - Nondurable Goods	68.4	68.5	65.5	- 0.1	+ 4.4
Retail Trade	533.7	531.9	522.5	+ 0.3	+ 2.1
General Merchandise Stores	77.6	76.2	71.6	+ 1.8	+ 8.4
Food Stores	87.7	87.5	85.3	+ 0.2	+ 2.8
Finance, Insurance & Real Estate	134.1	134.6	131.6	- 0.4	+ 1.9
Service & Miscellaneous[3]	556.4	556.5	530.9	- 0.0	+ 4.8
Hotels & Other Lodging Places	28.0	29.1	29.0	- 3.8	- 3.4
Personal Services	32.1	32.3	31.5	- 0.6	+ 1.9
Laundries, Cleaning & Garment Service	14.1	14.2	14.1	- 0.7	0.0
Health Services	141.5	141.3	133.8	+ 0.1	+ 5.8
Hospitals	59.1	58.7	54.2	+ 0.7	+ 9.0
Legal Services	13.4	13.6	13.1	- 1.5	+ 2.3
Education Services	31.8	26.2	31.1	+21.4	+ 2.3
Total Government	467.6	423.8	453.8	+ 10.3	+ 3.0
Federal	55.3	55.5	53.7	- 0.4	+ 3.0
State	131.7	124.6	129.1	+ 5.7	+ 2.0
Education	67.1	59.2	66.6	+13.3	+ 0.8
Other	64.6	65.4	62.5	- 1.2	+ 3.4
Local	280.6	243.7	271.0	+15.1	+ 3.5
Education	146.1	107.1	142.4	+36.4	+ 2.6
Other	134.5	136.6	128.6	- 1.5	+ 4.6

[1]Data for the current month are preliminary.
[2]Revised.
[3]This category includes Instruments & Related Products and Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries.
[4]This category includes Petroleum & Coal Products and Leather & Leather Products.
[5]This category includes Services, except Domestic, Agricultural Services; Forestry and Fisheries.
[6]Less than .05 percent.

Compiled by the LMI Division in cooperation with USDOL, BLS.

Table II

Average Weekly Earnings, Hours and Hourly Earnings of Selected Production and Non-supervisory Workers in North Carolina[1]

September 1989[2]

	Average Weekly Earnings			Average Weekly Hours			Average Hourly Earnings		
	Sep. 1989	Aug.[3] 1989	Sep.[3] 1988	Sep. 1989	Aug[3] 1989	Sep.[3] 1988	Sep. 1989	Aug.[3] 1989	Sep.[3] 1988
Manufacturing	$343.92	$343.10	$332.93	40.7	40.7	40.7	$8.45	$8.43	$8.18
Durable Goods	362.91	360.33	349.35	41.1	40.9	41.1	8.83	8.81	8.50
Lumber & Wood Products	317.24	312.01	297.66	41.2	41.0	41.0	7.70	7.61	7.26
Millwork, Plywood & Structural Members	327.24	316.06	300.06	41.9	41.1	41.3	7.81	7.69	7.28
Wood Buildings & Mobile Homes	322.81	336.61	326.51	40.1	41.1	41.7	8.05	8.19	7.83
Furniture & Fixtures	303.77	299.85	293.35	38.5	38.1	38.7	7.89	7.87	7.58
Household Furniture	303.00	296.76	292.94	38.5	37.9	38.8	7.87	7.83	7.55
Wood Household Furniture	292.70	287.47	284.25	39.5	38.9	39.7	7.41	7.39	7.16
Stone, Clay & Glass Products	395.62	397.40	383.24	41.6	41.7	42.3	9.51	9.53	9.06
Structural Clay Products	331.30	334.54	323.40	40.8	40.6	42.0	8.12	8.24	7.70
Primary Metal Industries	426.85	423.15	405.96	42.6	42.4	42.2	10.02	9.98	9.62
Fabricated Metal Industries	391.68	392.06	388.25	41.4	41.4	42.9	9.53	9.47	9.05
Machinery, exc. Electrical	420.92	423.36	398.85	43.8	44.1	43.4	9.61	9.60	9.19
Special Industry Machinery	402.90	393.12	387.97	42.5	42.0	43.3	9.48	9.36	8.96
Electrical Machinery	392.70	386.65	385.43	42.5	41.8	41.4	9.24	9.25	9.31
Household Appliances	312.75	295.74	312.95	45.0	43.3	44.9	6.95	6.83	6.97
Transportation Equipment	413.69	415.23	396.89	42.3	42.5	43.0	9.78	9.77	9.23
Nondurable Goods	332.51	332.11	322.79	40.5	40.6	40.5	8.21	8.18	7.97
Food & Kindred Products	314.29	311.66	292.25	41.3	40.9	40.2	7.61	7.62	7.27
Meat Products	275.67	266.53	245.86	40.9	40.2	39.4	6.74	6.63	6.24
Meat Packing Products	420.55	381.30	369.53	51.1	46.5	44.9	8.23	8.20	8.23

[1]These data pertain to production workers in selected manufacturing industries and non-supervisory employees in selected nonmanufacturing industries.
[2]Data for the current month are preliminary.
[3]Revised.

Compiled by the LMI Division in cooperation with USDOL, BLS.

Table II

(Continued)

Average Weekly Earnings, Hours and Hourly Earnings of Selected Production and Non-supervisory Workers in North Carolina[1]

September 1989[2]

	Average Weekly Earnings			Average Weekly Hours			Average Hourly Earnings		
	Sep. 1989	Aug.[3] 1989	Sep.[3] 1988	Sep. 1989	Aug.[3] 1989	Sep.[3] 1988	Sep. 1989	Aug.[3] 1989	Sep.[3] 1988
Dairy Products	336.48	324.00	329.69	44.1	42.8	43.9	7.63	7.57	7.51
Grain Mill Products	349.71	344.35	362.50	42.7	42.2	45.2	8.19	8.16	8.02
Bakery Products	336.17	346.06	345.06	41.4	42.1	42.6	8.12	8.22	8.10
Beverages	518.60	530.12	506.05	38.5	40.1	38.6	13.47	13.22	13.11
Tobacco Manufacturers	550.10	565.18	543.58	40.3	36.7	41.4	13.65	15.40	13.13
Cigarettes	710.27	689.63	688.58	37.7	36.8	40.6	18.84	18.74	16.96
Tobacco Stemming & Redrying	282.24	233.85	252.44	44.8	36.2	43.3	6.30	6.46	5.83
Textile Mill Products	307.16	308.84	291.91	40.9	41.5	40.6	7.51	7.46	7.19
Weaving Mills, Cotton, Synthetics & Wool	337.83	340.31	327.51	40.9	41.4	41.3	8.26	8.22	7.93
Weaving Mills, Cotton	328.02	330.48	308.50	40.1	40.6	39.2	8.18	8.14	7.87
Weaving Mills, Synthetics	344.87	346.51	344.30	41.5	41.9	43.2	8.31	8.27	7.97
Knitting Mills	280.19	285.65	265.56	40.2	41.1	39.4	6.97	6.95	6.74
Women's Hosiery, exc. Socks	263.40	259.20	241.68	40.9	40.5	38.0	6.44	6.40	6.36
Hosiery, NEC	268.13	274.72	253.89	39.2	40.4	39.0	6.84	6.80	6.51
Circular Knit Fabric Mills	309.26	319.20	305.66	40.8	42.0	41.7	7.58	7.60	7.33
Warp Knit Fabric Mills	326.13	329.90	333.33	42.3	42.9	42.9	7.71	7.69	7.77
Textile Finishing, exc. Wool	328.32	321.56	310.48	42.2	42.2	41.9	7.78	7.62	7.41
Yarn & Thread Mills	304.88	304.61	289.34	41.2	41.5	41.1	7.40	7.34	7.04
Apparel & Other Textile Products	219.79	222.12	215.65	37.7	38.1	38.1	5.83	5.83	5.66
Women's & Children's Outerwear & Undergarments	199.47	195.84	199.50	36.4	36.2	37.5	5.48	5.41	5.32
Men's & Boys' Suits, Coats & Furnishings	219.26	228.48	213.70	37.1	38.4	37.1	5.91	5.95	5.76

[1]These data pertain to production workers in selected manufacturing industries and non-supervisory employees in selected nonmanufacturing industries.
[2]Data for the current month are preliminary.
[3]Revised.

Compiled by the LMI Division in cooperation with USDOL, BLS..

Table II

(Continued)

Average Weekly Earnings, Hours and Hourly Earnings of Selected Production and Non-supervisory Workers in North Carolina[1]

September 1989[2]

	Average Weekly Earnings			Average Weekly Hours			Average Hourly Earnings		
	Sep. 1989	Aug.[3] 1989	Sep.[3] 1988	Sep. 1989	Aug.[3] 1989	Sep.[3] 1988	Sep. 1989	Aug.[3] 1989	Sep.[3] 1988
Paper & Allied Products	542.39	527.61	528.30	44.9	44.3	45.0	12.08	11.91	11.74
Pulp, Paper & Paperboard Mills	748.55	722.39	715.02	47.8	47.0	46.4	15.66	15.37	15.41
Paperboard Containers & Boxes	413.76	402.32	415.26	43.6	42.8	44.7	9.49	9.40	9.29
Printing & Publishing	383.13	375.29	379.27	38.7	38.1	39.1	9.90	9.85	9.70
Newspapers	304.38	296.51	307.46	32.8	32.3	34.2	9.28	9.18	8.99
Chemicals & Allied Products	482.24	473.04	464.83	43.8	43.2	43.0	11.01	10.95	10.81
Plastics & Synthetics	529.82	526.44	516.85	44.9	44.5	44.1	11.80	11.83	11.72
Rubber & Misc. Plastics Products	403.39	404.41	419.42	39.9	40.2	41.9	10.11	10.06	10.01
Mining	479.22	480.18	457.17	49.0	49.3	49.0	9.78	9.74	9.33
Comm. & Elec., Gas & Sanitary Services	549.80	548.10	536.28	43.6	43.5	42.8	12.61	12.60	12.53
Wholesale & Retail Trade	220.00	221.26	213.09	31.7	32.3	31.9	6.94	6.85	6.68
Wholesale Trade	356.45	352.68	336.49	39.3	39.1	38.9	9.07	9.02	8.65
Retail Trade	180.84	183.92	178.20	29.5	30.4	29.9	6.13	6.05	5.96
General Merchandise Stores	167.20	172.06	166.38	27.5	28.3	27.5	6.08	6.08	6.05
Food Stores	191.86	192.47	186.55	30.6	31.5	31.3	6.27	6.11	5.96
Services, Hotels & Other Lodging Places	150.07	145.15	151.47	29.6	28.8	30.6	5.07	5.04	4.95
Laundries, Cleaning & Garment Service	219.52	216.72	207.66	34.9	34.4	34.9	6.29	6.30	5.95

[1]These data pertain to production workers in selected manufacturing industries and non-supervisory employees in selected nonmanufacturing industries.
[2]Data for the current month are preliminary.
[3]Revised.

Compiled by the LMI Division in cooperation with USDOL, BLS.

Figure I

Average Hourly Earnings by Major Industry Sectors in North Carolina

September 1989

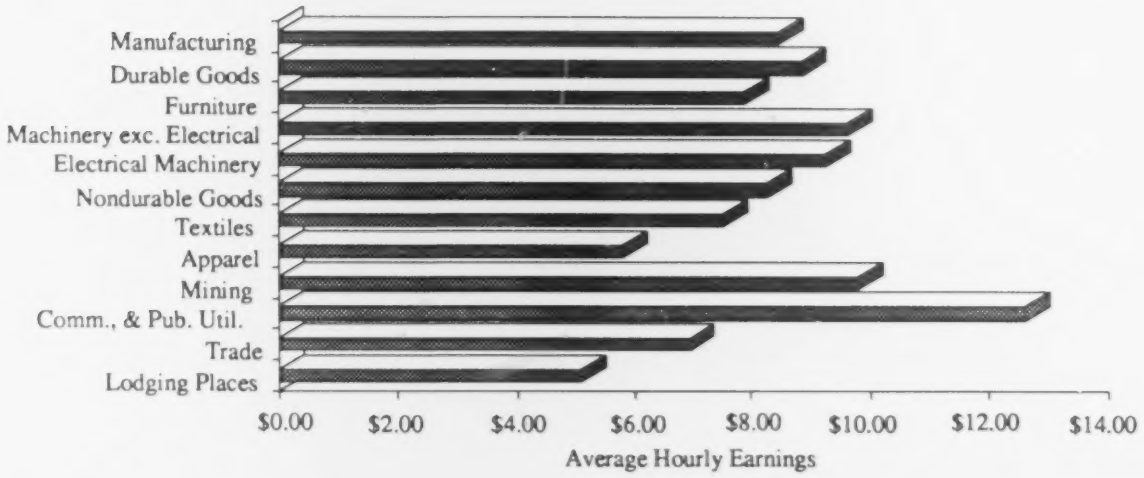


Figure II

Average Hourly Earnings in Durable Goods Industries Compared to the North Carolina Average

September 1989

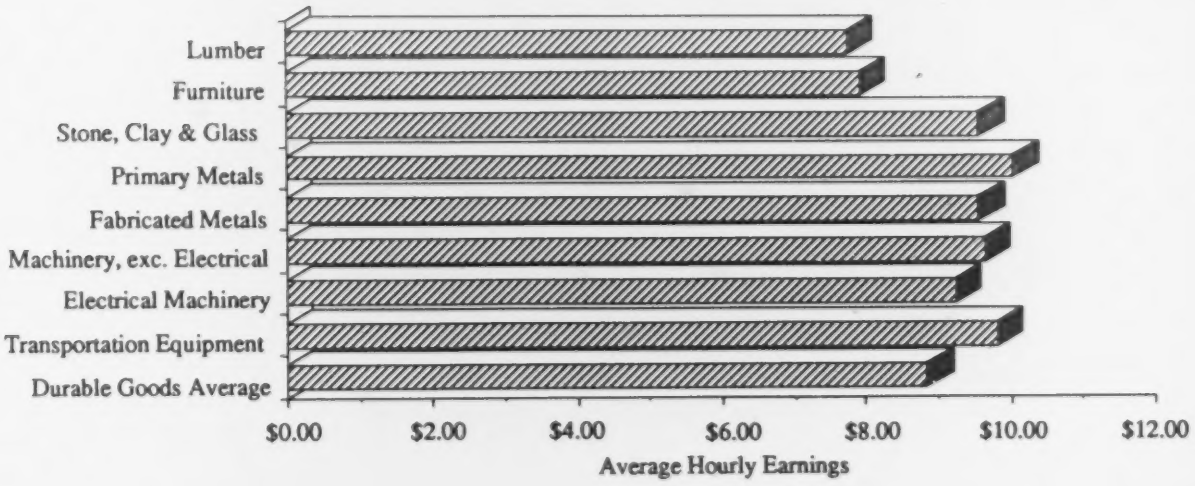


Table III

Production Workers in Selected Manufacturing Industries in North Carolina

September 1989[1]

(Numbers in Thousands)

Industry	Number of Production Workers			Percent Change From:	
	Sep. 1989	Aug.[2] 1989	Sep. 1988	Aug. 1989	Sep. 1988
Manufacturing	684.9	682.5	686.6	+ 0.4	- 0.2
Durable Goods	264.4	263.8	264.6	+ 0.2	- 0.1
Lumber & Wood Products	30.3	30.1	30.4	+ 0.7	- 0.3
Millwork, Plywood & Structural Members	7.6	7.5	7.8	+ 1.3	- 2.6
Wood Buildings & Mobile Homes	3.7	3.7	3.7	0.0	0.0
Furniture & Fixtures	75.5	74.6	77.2	+ 1.2	- 2.2
Household Furniture	67.3	66.4	69.3	+ 1.4	- 2.9
Wood Household Furniture	35.7	35.1	36.7	+ 1.7	- 2.7
Stone, Clay & Glass Products	17.3	17.4	16.8	- 0.6	+ 3.0
Structural Clay Products	2.0	2.0	2.1	0.0	- 4.8
Primary Metal Industries	9.8	9.9	9.3	- 1.0	+ 5.4
Fabricated Metal Industries	22.9	22.8	22.6	+ 0.4	+ 1.3
Machinery, except Electrical	31.7	32.0	29.9	- 0.9	+ 6.0
Special Industry Machinery	5.1	5.1	5.2	0.0	- 1.9
Electrical & Electronic Equipment	41.2	41.5	42.5	- 0.7	- 3.1
Household Appliances	5.7	5.6	5.4	+ 1.8	+ 5.6
Transportation Equipment	21.7	21.4	22.1	+ 1.4	- 1.8
Other Durable Goods[3]	14.0	14.1	13.8	- 0.7	+ 1.4
Nondurable Goods	420.5	418.7	422.0	+ 0.4	- 0.4
Food & Kindred Products	38.0	37.2	37.7	+ 2.2	+ 0.8
Meat Products	21.4	21.3	20.9	+ 0.5	+ 2.4
Meat Packing Plants	2.1	1.9	1.7	+10.5	+ 23.5
Dairy Products	1.5	1.6	1.7	- 6.3	- 11.8
Grain Mill Products	1.8	1.8	1.9	0.0	- 5.3
Bakery Products	5.0	5.0	4.8	0.0	+ 4.2

[1]Data for the current month are preliminary.
[2]Revised.
[3]This category includes Instruments and Miscellaneous Manufacturing.

Compiled by the LMI Division in cooperation with USDOL, BLS.

Table III

(Continued)

Production Workers in Selected Manufacturing Industries in North Carolina

September 1989[1]

(Numbers in Thousands)

Industry	Number of Production Workers			Percent Change From:	
	Sep. 1989	Aug.[2] 1989	Sep. 1988	Aug. 1989	Sep. 1988
Beverages	2.8	2.8	2.8	0.0	0.0
Tobacco Manufacturers	18.0	16.7	20.5	+ 7.8	- 12.2
Cigarettes	11.1	12.0	13.6	- 7.5	- 18.4
Tobacco Stemming & Redrying	6.5	4.3	6.5	+51.2	0.0
Textile Mill Products	195.2	195.6	196.1	- 0.2	- 0.5
Weaving Mills, Cotton, Synthetics & Wool	47.9	47.7	49.1	+ 0.4	- 2.4
Weaving Mills, Cotton	21.5	21.4	23.0	+ 0.5	- 6.5
Weaving Mills, Synthetics	25.3	25.2	25.1	+ 0.4	+ 0.8
Knitting Mills	75.4	75.7	73.4	- 0.4	+ 2.7
Women's Hosiery, except Socks	20.9	21.1	20.5	- 0.9	+ 2.0
Hosiery, NEC	21.0	20.9	20.5	+ 0.5	+ 2.4
Circular Knit Fabric Mills	14.6	14.6	13.4	0.0	+ 9.0
Warp Knit Fabric Mills	4.9	5.0	5.4	- 2.0	- 9.3
Textile Finishing, except Wool	13.8	13.9	13.2	- 0.7	+ 4.5
Yarn & Thread Mills	45.4	45.7	47.8	- 0.7	- 5.0
Apparel & Other Textile Products	75.3	75.6	74.9	- 0.4	+ 0.5
Men's & Boys' Suits, Coats & Furnishings	26.7	26.7	26.0	0.0	+ 2.7
Women's & Children's Outerwear & Undergarments	29.3	29.9	31.0	- 2.0	- 5.5
Paper & Allied Products	16.5	16.5	16.3	0.0	+ 1.2
Pulp, Paper & Paperboard Mills	7.1	7.1	6.9	0.0	+ 2.9
Paperboard Containers & Boxes	6.3	6.2	6.2	+ 1.6	+ 1.6
Printing & Publishing	18.3	18.3	18.2	0.0	+ 0.5
Newspapers	4.2	4.2	4.2	0.0	0.0
Chemicals & Allied Products	27.8	28.2	27.0	- 1.4	+ 3.0
Plastics Materials & Synthetics	10.0	10.0	9.7	0.0	+ 3.1
Rubber & Miscellaneous Plastics Products	27.6	26.8	27.5	+ 3.0	+ 0.4
Other Nondurable Goods[3]	3.8	3.8	3.8	0.0	0.0

[1]Data for the current month are preliminary.
[2]Revised.
[3]This category includes Petroleum & Coal Products and Leather & Leather Products.

Compiled by the LMI Division in cooperation with USDOL, BLS.